Environmental Protection Agency

- (1) The plan shall identify, in accordance with section 4006(b), (i) the responsibilities of State, local, and regional authorities in the implementation of the State plan, (ii) the distribution of Federal funds to the authorities responsible for development and implementation of the State plan, and (iii) the means for coordinating regional planning and implementation under the State plan.
- (2) The plan shall, in accordance with section 4005(c), prohibit the establishment of new open dumps within the State, and contain requirements that all solid waste (including solid waste originating in other States, but not including hazardous waste) shall be (i) utilized for resource recovery or (ii) disposed of in sanitary landfills (within the meaning of section 4004(a)) or otherwise disposed of in an environmentally sound manner.
- (3) The plan shall provide for the closing or upgrading of all existing open dumps within the State pursuant to the requirements of section 4005.
- (4) The plan shall provide for the establishment of such State regulatory powers as may be necessary to implement the plan.
- (5) The plan shall provide that no local government within the State shall be prohibited under State or local law from entering into long-term contracts for the supply of solid waste to resource recovery facilities.
- (6) The plan shall provide for resource conservation or recovery and for the disposal of solid waste in sanitary landfills or for any combination of practices so as may be necessary to use or dispose of such waste in a manner that is environmentally sound.
- (c) These guidelines address the requirement of section 4005(c) that a State plan:

Shall establish, for any entity which demonstrates that it has considered other public or private alternatives for solid waste management to comply with the prohibition on open dumping and is unable to utilize such alternatives to so comply, a timetable or schedule of compliance for such practice or disposal of solid waste which specifies a schedule of remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions or operations leading to compliance with the prohibition on open dumping of solid waste within a rea-

sonable time (not to exceed five years from the date of publication of the inventory).

§ 256.02 Scope of the State solid waste management plan.

- (a)(1) The State plan shall address all solid waste in the State that poses potential adverse effects on health or the environment or provides opportunity for resource conservation or resource recovery. The plan shall consider:
 - (i) Hazardous wastes;
- (ii) Residential, commercial and institutional solid waste;
 - (iii) Wastewater treatment sludge;
 - (iv) Pollution control residuals;
 - (v) Industrial wastes;
 - (vi) Mining wastes;
 - (vii) Agricultural wastes;
 - (viii) Water treatment sludge; and
 - (ix) Septic tank pumpings.
- (2) The State plan shall consider the following aspects of solid waste management:
 - (i) Resource conservation;
 - (ii) Source separation;
 - (iii) Collection:
 - (iv) Transportation;
 - (v) Storage;
 - (vi) Transfer;
- (vii) Processing (including resource recovery);
 - (viii) Treatment; and
 - (ix) Disposal.
- (b) The State Plan shall establish and justify priorities and timing for actions. These priorities shall be based on the current level of solid waste management planning and implementation within the State, the extent of the solid waste management problem, the health, environmental and economic impacts of the problem, and the resources and management approaches available.
- (c) The State plan shall set forth an orderly and manageable process for achieving the objectives of the Act and meeting the requirements of these quidelines. This process shall describe as specifically as possible the activities to be undertaken, including detailed schedules and milestones.
- (d) The State plan shall cover a minimum of a five year time period from the date submitted to EPA for approval.
- (e) The State plan shall identify existing State legal authority for solid waste management and shall identify

§ 256.03

modifications to regulations necessary to meet the requirements of these guidelines.

§ 256.03 State plan submission, adoption, and revision.

- (a) To be considered for approval, the State plan shall be submitted to EPA within a reasonable time after final promulgation of these guidelines.
- (b) Prior to submission to EPA, the plan shall be adopted by the State pursuant to State administrative procedures.
- (c) The plan shall be developed in accord with public participation procedures required by Subpart G of this part.
- (d) The plan shall contain procedures for revision. The State plan shall be revised by the State, after notice and public hearings, when the Administrator, by regulation, or the State determines, that:
- (1) The State plan is not in compliance with the requirements of these guidelines;
- (2) Information has become available which demonstrates the inadequacy of the plan; or
- (3) Such revision is otherwise necessary
- (e) The State plan shall be reviewed by the State and, where necessary, revised and readopted not less frequently than every three years.
- (f) States which are developing a complete State plan may submit the portion of the plan designed to satisfy the requirements of §256.26 prior to submission of the complete plan.

[44 FR 45079, July 31, 1979, as amended at 46 FR 47051, Sept. 23, 1981]

§ 256.04 State plan approval, financial assistance.

- (a) The Administrator shall, within six months after a State plan has been submitted for approval, approve or disapprove the plan. The Administrator shall approve a plan if he determines that:
- (1) It meets the requirements of these guidelines which address sections 4003(1), (2), (3), and (5), and
- (2) It contains provisions for revision pursuant to §256.03.
- (b) The Administrator shall review approved plans from time to time, and

if he determines that revisions or corrections are necessary to bring such plan into compliance with all of the requirements of these guidelines, including the requirements which address sections 4003(4) and (6) and any new or revised requirement established by amendment to this part, he shall notify the State and provide an opportunity for such revisions and corrections and for an appeal and public hearing. If the plan continues to remain out of compliance, he shall withdraw his approval of such plan.

- (c) Such withdrawal of approval shall cease to be effective upon the Administrator's determination that the State plan complies with the requirements of these guidelines.
- (d) The Administrator shall approve a State application for financial assistance under subtitle D of the Act, and make grants to such State, if the Administrator determines that the State plan continues to be eligible for approval and is being implemented by the State.
- (e) Upon withdrawal of approval of a State plan, the Administrator shall withhold Federal financial and technical assistance under subtitle D (other than such technical assistance as may be necessary to assist in obtaining reinstatement of approval) until such time as approval is reinstated. (Procedures for termination of financial assistance and for settlement of disputes are contained in 40 CFR part 30, appendix A, articles 7 and 8.)
- (f) If a State submits to EPA the portion of the plan by which entities may, pursuant to §256.26, obtain timetables or schedules of compliance for complying with the open dumping prohibition, the Administrator shall approve such portion of the plan if he determines that:
- (1) The portion submitted satisfies the requirements of §256.26;
- (2) The State has the general legal authority to issue and enforce compliance schedules; and
- (3) The remainder of the plan is being developed in conformity with these guidelines and will be completed within a reasonable period of time.

In giving partial plan approval, the Administrator shall specify in writing the timetable for completion of the final